OLD ENGLAND:

OR,

The CONSTITUTIONAL JOURNAL.

By JEFFREY BROADBOTTOM, *of* Covent-Garden, *Esq*;

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1745. [N°. 130.]

To the AUTHOR.

Qui sim cognoſces. Cicero in Catalin.

THERE is the ſame Difference betwixt *Oppoſition* and *Rebellion*, as there is betwixt *wholſome Medicine* and *deadly Poiſon*. The Pen which has been often drawn againſt the Corruption, the Miſmanagement, and Influence of Office, is now reſumed againſt the Madneſs, the Impiety, and Danger of Civil Rage; conſiſtent in both Characters; both Duties willingly performed; their Occaſions ſincerely lamented.

The *Romans* never appeared ſo truly *Roman* by *acquiring Victory* as they did by *reſenting Defeat*. Two eminent Inſtances of that Kind are met with in their Hiſtory: Their Diſgrace of the *Furcæ Candinæ* was wip'd away by the almoſt utter Extinction of their Enemies; and tho' they loſt the Battle of *Cannæ* by the Miſmanagement of their General, yet did they ſcorn to ſhew any Reſentment, but againſt the Foes who had given them the Defeat.

Virgil has finely drawn this Characteriſtic of his Countrymen in the Perſon of *Dares*: That brave old Boxer was not himſelf, 'till a Fall had rouſed within him all his conſcious Worth and *native Vigor*; it was then his Antagoniſt felt the Weight of his Blows, and, as we may ſay, fell a Victim to the Advantage himſelf had gained.

There is in a brave People, ſuch as the *Romans* once were, and ſuch as, I hope, the *Engliſh* now are, a Solidity, by which, inſtead of *breaking*, they *rebound* by a Fall. The Spirit, which our Countrymen has ſhewn ſince a recent Diſgrace, does them more Honour than ever they could have acquired by a partial Succeſs againſt a naked, needy, deſperate Crew. We are told of certain little noxious Animals, whom it is not at all difficult to deſtroy, once you catch Hold of them; but 'tis ten to one that they don't bite you, while you are endeavouring to ſeize them: Our Highland Enemies are ſomewhat of this Kind; they have had their *Snap*, and, it muſt be own'd, we have been confoundedly bit; but, it is now more than probable, their Succeſs will be fatal to themſelves alone. To the immortal Honour of *Engliſhmen*, all Animoſities are now buried in a generous Reſolution of preſerving, in his Majeſty's Perſon and Family, whatever can be dear to Proteſtants, to *Britons*, and to Men: The noble Infection of Public Spirit now flies from Breaſt to Breaſt, and he is not an *Engliſhman* who feels not its Influence. *Where, O Faction, is now thy Sting! and where, O Party, is now thy Rage!* The one is plucked out, the other is ſubſided: May the firſt never recover its *Venom*, nor the latter reſume its *Force*.

He would be the worſt of Men, who ſhould, by reviving Party Diſtinctions at this Time, endeavour to break the glorious Harmony which now ſubſiſts in an united People: *Wholeſome Diſtreſs* has, in a few Days, nay Hours, effected what a Train of *wanton Succeſs* never could have done. Let the ſcandalous Tale-bearer now point out, if he can, *one Gentleman in the Oppoſition* to aught, but the Diſturbers of domeſtic Quiet; let him now whiſper the bad Effects of Party-Writing; let him repreſent *Diſſatisfaction with Meaſures* as *Diſaffection in Principles*; but let him produce an Inſtance, where the Poiſon has ſpread, but in thoſe Parts where no Writing ever reached, which are as much Strangers to *Reading* as they are to *Loyalty*; and *rebellious*, chiefly becauſe IGNORANT.

The Diſpute now is not, who ſhall ſet the Sail, or handle the Rudder, but whether Rudder, Sails, Ship, and all, ſhall ſink or ſwim: It is not about the Modes of Government, but about the Exiſtence of the Conſtitution. Our Eſtabliſhment may be compared to a graceful, well-compacted Arch, in which the *Succeſſion* is the Cope-Stone; as its Foundation is good, and Structure ſolid, it admits of additional Ornaments, perhaps ſome additional Strength; but move this Stone, down the mighty Fabric tumbles, and the whole lies an undiſtinguiſhed Heap of Ruins: A fit Haunt for Superſtition! a becoming Throne for deſpotic Power!

It may not be amiſs, at this Time, to put *Engliſhmen* in Mind of the Condition to which they may be expoſed, ſhould this Invader gain his Ends, and that too independent of the alarming Conſideration of Religion, if abſurd Impiety deſerves that Name. The Eſtabliſhment of the Proteſtant Succeſſion is ſo ſtrong, ſo inſeparably connected with our Laws and Liberties as a People, that all muſt ſtand, or all muſt fall together. To think of its admitting the leaſt Alteration, is ſuppoſing our preſent Conſtitution to be *felo de ſe*. By it, the Family of *Stuart* has no more Title to the Crown than the Family of *Bourbon*; and by an *Engliſhman* who underſtands *Engliſh* Principles, the one is to be conſidered an Alien as much as the other: If, therefore, no Title can be eſtabliſhed by *Law*, all that can be pleaded muſt be by *Arms*, that is, by *Conqueſt*. But conſider, my Countrymen, what a dark, what a diſmal Scene this affords! a Scene that never was yet cleared, but by the Rattling of Chains, or diverſify'd by aught but alternate Triumphs of Pride and Cruelty, Inſolence and Tyranny. With ſuch a Title, your Invader has a Pretext, nay, let me ſay, a *Right*, to treat you as Slaves. It is a Title, which, like a devouring Element, ſuffers none other to exiſt, and can be repelled only by that thro' which it is eſtabliſhed, by *Arms*. With ſuch a Title the *Exerciſe of Clemency* is no other than the *Suſpenſion of Injury*, and the Subjected, in their happieſt Situation, are Slaves in more ſplendid Chains.

It is in vain to plead, that a foreign Force is not employ'd. Your Invader has taken from himſelf that Plea. He has openly avow'd his Intention to diſſolve the Act by which the one Part of the Kingdom is united to the other: By this Diſſolution, we are to conſider thoſe who fight under him as Foreigners, ſince he has broken, as far as in him lies, the Bond that unites them to *Engliſhmen*. It does not, perhaps, occur to every Reader, that this Diſſolution is big with yet greater Calamities to Old *England*: For, upon the Act of Union, if I miſtake not, reſts the chief conſtitutional Proviſion for the Succeſſion in his Majeſty's Family to the Crown of *Scotland*. Such a Diſſolution, therefore, would entail on the preſent and future Ages, all the Miſeries which former Times have experienced from that *Weaſel Foe*, to uſe *Shakeſpear*'s Expreſſion on a like Occaſion.

From this Conſideration chiefly ariſes the Wiſdom and Neceſſity of depriving our Invaders, as much as poſſible, of all Pretexts of chriſtning their Rebellion with the Name of a National War. Whatever Prejudices ſome late Tranſactions may have given the Public with Regard to our Northern Brethren, yet, I will anſwer for them, that nothing can debauch nine Parts in ten of them from their Allegiance, but a barbarous confounding the Innocent with the Guilty: A Circumſtance which we never can ſuppoſe under his Majeſty, whoſe Reign, 'till the preſent Commotion happened, has been unſtained by Civil Blood.

If ever any People merited generous Compaſſion, that People does, who, on one Hand, has the Sword of Violence pointed to their Throats, their Properties, their Perſons and Families expoſed to the Mercy of lawleſs Force; and on the other Hand, the Laws of their Country, with the Allegiance due to their Sovereign, calling out for vigorous, tho' vain Reſiſtance. Such a Situation would, within the moſt loyal County *England* has to boaſt of, ballance *Inclination* by *Terror*: The Laws of Nature, and Practice of Nations, have ever, in ſuch Caſes, admitted a temporary Acquieſcence under ſuperior Force; and I will venture boldly to aſſure the Public, that nothing can, at this Time, be more dangerous to that very Cauſe, for which *Engliſhmen* would wiſh to live, and for which every Freeman would die, than the imputing the Fault of a few to the Demerits of the whole, or *partial Rebellion*, to *national Diſloyalty*.

In my next, I ſhall, from the *Engliſh* Hiſtory, make ſome Obſervations on the Danger of taking any Meaſures for puſhing the preſent Rebellion into a national War.

I am,

Your conſtant Reader and Servant.

IRELAND.

Dublin, Sept. 28. Laſt Thurſday Edmund O Flagherty, of Cunnemarra, Eſq; Chief of the ancient Family of that Name, who have poſſeſs'd for Time immemorial the remote Part of the County of Galway, bordering on the Weſtern Ocean, was preſented to the Right Hon. the Earl of Cheſterfield, and gave his Excellency the moſt ſolemn Aſſurances, that he, with his Family and People, would continue faithful to his Majeſty King George; and would uſe their beſt Endeavours to preſerve Peace and Quietneſs in that Country.

Laſt Wedneſday two Deſerters were carried in the uſual Form to Oxmantown Green, to be ſhot for Deſertion; one of whom had changed his Name 17 Times, and as often inliſted himſelf in different Regiments; but when they came to the Place of Execution, his Excellency the Earl of Cheſterfield was pleaſed to pardon them.

Extract of a Letter from Cork, dated Sept. 24, 1745.

'Laſt Wedneſday our Biſhop held his primary Viſitation 'for the Dioceſe, on which Occaſion an excellent Sermon 'was preach'd by the Rev. Mr Otter Waterhouſe. His 'Lordſhip gave an exceeding good Charge to his Clergy, 'in which he moſt ſtrenuouſly recommended to them, the 'inculcating into their ſeveral Pariſhioners Principles of 'Loyalty and Affection to his Majeſty, as the only Means 'of preſerving our Religious and Civil Rights, ſo eminently

'rescued from Popery and Slavery by that glorious 'and immovable Instrument, in the Hand of Provi-'dence, King William, of ever-glorious Memory; 'and now so daringly attempted to be torn from us by 'the Enemies of his Majesty's House, in endeavouring 'to impose a Popish Bigot on the Throne of these 'Realms: And concluded with praying, that it would 'please God to give his present Majesty a long undis-'turbed Reign; and that we might never want a 'Prince of his illustrious House to reign over us.'

COUNTRY NEWS.

From the Newcastle Courant.

Edinburgh, October 1. All the Prisoners taken at the Battle of Gladsmuir have been brought to Town, and, agreeable to the Orders issued in that Respect, the Officers were lodged in Queen-berry's House; but are since at Liberty upon Parole, not to depart the City, nor correspond with the Garrison of the Castle, &c. The Soldiers taken remain confined in the Church and Prison of Cannongate, &c.

The Tents and other Utensils furnished by this City to the Highland Army, were sent down this Morning to the Abbey.

On Wednesday Night, at Nine o'Clock, several Goats which feed on the Castle Bank and Rocks, scrambling up, alarmed the Garrison so, that a great many Cannon and Platoons of Small Arms were discharg'd from the Half moon; which damag'd a House or two in the West Port, and wounded a Child lying in Bed.

The Hazard Sloop is sailed up the Frith, and stationed at the Queen's Ferry, to prevent the Troops from the North passing that Way.

Yesterday the Guards at the Weight-house received Orders not to let any Person pass or repass to or from the Castle. This Strictness occasioned General Guest to write to the Lord Provost and Magistrates of this City, that he would find himself obliged, if the Communication between the Castle and City was not again opened, to dislodge, with Cannon from the Castle, the several Highland Centinels and Guards posted at the Reservoir, &c. Hereupon the Citizens met, and sent Messages, in order to get Things made as easy as possible, whereby the Peace of the City was secured for this last Night; but this Afternoon these Centinels endeavouring to hinder Provisions to be carried into the Castle by Wallace's Tower, the Castle fired on them a great many Shot; and, I hear, has brought down some Chimny heads, which bruised several of them.

And Yesterday Morning a Deputation of six Gentlemen was sent from this City, who waited on the Chevalier, and communicated General Guest's Letter. Hereupon he said to them, 'I shall be heartily sorry 'for any Mischief that may befall the City, and shall 'make it my peculiar Care to indemnify you in the 'most ample Manner. In the mean time, I shall make 'full Reprisals upon the Estates of those who are now 'in the Castle, &c.' And another Deputation order'd to wait on General Guest, to implore a further Respite of Hostilities, which was granted for six Days, till they may receive the Return of an Express sent to London, imploring a Mitigation of the above Orders; which gives unspeakable Joy to the innocent Citizens, who were terribly afraid of a Bombardment.

Ever since the Castle has been blocked up somewhat strictly on the Side of this City, the Friends of the Garison have been employed in conveying of Necessaries in the Night Time.

Newcastle, October 5. Last Monday came on the Election of Mayor, &c. for this Corporation for the ensuing Year, when the following Gentlemen were chosen, viz.

Cuthbert Smith, Esq; Mayor; William Cuthbert, Esq; Recorder; and Henry Partis, Esq; Sheriff.

They write from Manchester of the 28th ult. that they are very quiet there, and that Day the Gentlemen were subscribing in order to raise several Thousand Soldiers for six Months, or longer, if Occasion requir'd.

Besides the large and generous Subscription carrying on for the raising of proper Forces for the Defence of the County of York, there is also one carrying on for the City, which has met with general Encouragement.

A great Quantity of Cannon, and other warlike Implements, are arrived here this Week; some of which are Nine and Eighteen Pounders. Several of the Water-Gates on the Key Side are built up, with Gun-Holes in them. The Town Walls are all repairing, and if the Rebels march this Way, we hope to give a good Account of them.

Last Sunday the Hon. General Huske arrived here; as is also Colonel Walsh.

Exon, October 1. This Day the Right Worshipful the Mayor convened the Citizens, to consider of proper Measures to be taken in this critical Conjuncture, when they were unanimously of Opinion to unite themselves by an Association for the Support of his Majesty's Person and Government, and our happy Constitution both in Church and State; and an Instrument for that Purpose was immediately signed by the said Mayor, the Lord Bishop of the Diocese, the Aldermen and Magistrates, the Dignitaries of the Cathedral Church, and other Clergy of the City, great Numbers of the Gentlemen, Principal Merchants, and other Tradesmen, and many hundreds of the other Inhabitants, there being no Person of any Rank or Figure but what crouded to shew his Zeal, and thereby give a Testimony of his Attachment to his Majesty; which Association was by the Mayor transmitted to the Duke of Newcastle, one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, to be presented to his Majesty. And after the signing the Association, the Mayor invited the principal Inhabitants to meet him at the New Inn, where they concluded the Evening with drinking his Majesty's Health, and that of the Royal Family, Success to his Arms against the Rebels, and many other loyal Healths: Some Hogsheads of Beer were likewise given to the Populace, and the Bells were rung, and Bonfires lighted, and all other Marks of Joy for the Unanimity of the Citizens on this important Occasion.

LONDON.

Letters from Brussels say, that the Town of Aeth capitulated on Friday the 7th Instant, N.S. upon honourable Terms, the Garison being to march out the Wednesday following, with two Pieces of Cannon and a Mortar; and that Lieutenant-General Count d'Etrees had Orders to invest St. Gillain.

The same Letters say, that General Hausley, with a Detachment of Troops from the Army of the Allies, was arrived at Mons on the 8th, N.S. in order to conduct from thence the English Troops that marched thither from Ostend. These Letters likewise add, that the Count de Saxe had sent for 150 Pieces of Cannon from the several French Garisons in the Neighbourhood of his Camp; from whence it was concluded, that a Battle would speedily ensue.

The Pretender's Second Son is at Paris, where he has been furnished with large Sums of Money, and is speedily to set out for Dunkirk, in order to embark either for Scotland or Ireland. Count Lowendahl has Orders to assemble the Scots and Irish Battalions in French Pay, in order to make a Descent upon England.

The Court of Spain has lately granted to that of France a Subsidy of 600,000 Pistoles in Gold, which has been conveyed to Lyons, in order to be coined there. This is look'd upon as a very seasonable Supply, inasmuch as his Most Christian Majesty's Coffers were almost destitute of ready Money.

They write from Francfort, that the Electoral College have given their Imperial Majesties the strongest and most explicit Assurances of their Resolution to maintain and support the Election lately made, with all the Forces of their respective Dominions.

The Parliament of Grenoble in France, in Commiseration of the Distresses of the People, have given Leave for the making use of Goats Milk; which has been found of vast Advantage, there being such a Mortality of all Sorts of Cattle, that without this Permission the People could not have subsisted.

They write from Munich, that the displacing the Aulic Counsellors appointed by his late Imperial Majesty, has occasioned a great Clamour there among all Ranks of People; to prevent the bad Effects of which, his Electoral Highness has thought proper to publish an Edict, by which he forbids, on Pain of his highest Displeasure, any disrespectful Animadversions on the Conduct of the House of Austria.

We learn from Dusseldorp, that there are great Heats in the Elector Palatine's Councils; and that it is believed some of his principal Ministers will quit his Service, in case he admits French Garrisons into the Fortresses of his Dominions.

They write from the Hague, that they have receiv'd very different Accounts of the late Action at Praunitz, from those lately published by the Prussian Minister; from which it appears, that this complete Victory, as it is stiled in the Berlin Gazette, is in the Language of Truth no better than a happy Escape, as will appear when Prince Charles's Account comes to be published.

Whitehall, October 5. By Letters of the 30th past from Berwick, the Rebels had not then moved from Edinburgh. The Officers they had taken Prisoners in the late Action near Tranent, were, on the 29th in the Morning, sent to Perth; and they were to pass the Forth four Miles above Stirling, at the same Place where the Rebels had crossed that River in their March Southward; the private Men, who were Prisoners, had been sent by the same Rout the Day before, and the Wounded remained in the Infirmary at Edinburgh.

We are likewise assured by Letters of the 29th of September, at Noon, from the Castle of Edinburgh, that the Communication betwixt the Town and Castle had been till then still open; but the Letters of the 30th from Edinburgh say, that in the Night before, the Rebels had taken Possession of all the Avenues leading to the Castle, in order to block it up.

Whitehall, October 8. By Letters of the 3d from Berwick we are informed, that the Rebels continued in their Camp at Duddingston on the 2d; that the Day before, about 11 o'Clock in the Forenoon, they began to dig a Trench, cross the Street of Edinburgh, a little below the Reservoir on the Castle-Hill; about 3 in the Afternoon, the Garrison of the Castle fired upon them with Small Arms, killed three of the Rebels, and wounded the Officer who commanded the Party; upon which they discontinued to work at the Trench. About 4 o'Clock, some great Guns were fired from the Castle, which did little or no Damage to the Town; immediately on the firing from the Castle, the Pretender's Son left the Abbey, and retired to the Camp at Duddingston.

Whitehall, October 8. By Letters received this Day from Berwick, of the 5th Instant, the main Body of the Rebels were, on the 4th, still at Duddingston, and those left in Edinburgh, continued where they had taken Post, in order to cut off all Communication with the Castle. There is likewise Advice from Glasgow, that the Town had received a second Letter from the Pretender's Son, demanding the Sum of 15,000 l. Which Letter was accompanied with Threats of military Execution, if the Demand was not complied with. The Town under this Necessity prevailed upon the Party of the Rebels, who had been sent to require the above Contribution, to lessen it to 5,500 l. Which Sum they were obliged to pay immediately.

Extract of a Letter from Newcastle, October 4.

'We are all here under terrible Apprehensions about 'the Rebels, of whom we hear but very indifferent 'Accounts, they lay every Place where they come 'under Contribution; they are at present at Edin-'burgh, Glasgow, Dumfries, Haddington, Prestonpans, and some in the Highlands, but it is said they 'are drawing together with a Design to march South-'ward, and threaten both Berwick and Newcastle. 'Berwick they cannot take, and, I hope, before they 'reach Newcastle, there will be a sufficient Number 'there to put a Stop to their further Progress. I was 'lately at Carlisle, all Friends are well, and they have 'the best Crop that has been known these many Years: 'All that are able to bear Arms at Carlisle, are armed 'for the Defence of the Place: All these Northern 'Counties are hearty for the Interest of their King and 'Country; Hexham has raised a Company of all neat 'young Fellows, and well armed. The young Pre-'tender was over all the North Part of England last 'Summer, he appeared at Hexam, in Quality of a 'Gentleman to a Popish Bishop, was taken Notice of 'by several People: None at that Time had the least 'Suspicion who he was, save one Man at Newcastle, 'who averr'd, that he knew him to be the Pretender's 'eldest Son, for he had seen him at Dunkirk. We 'have been told, that there has been a Division between 'the Generals and common Soldiers of the Rebels; the 'Generals was for marching by Lancaster, &c. but the 'Highlanders said, *She pe no march by Lancaster, for 'pears Fore-Fathers pe many killed that Way, be no lucky 'to Highlandmen.*'

P. S. 'I have this Minute received the News, that 'the Rebels have found means to cut off the Water 'that supplied Edinburgh Castle, likewise have denied 'to send in any more Provisions: The Governor will 'oblige them to send, or threatens to beat the City 'about their Ears; he has given them a Week's Time 'to consider, and if they come not to a Resolution in 'that Time to furnish him with every thing necessary, 'he will put his Menace in Execution.

Extract of a Letter from Berwick, dated the 2d Instant.

'An advanced Party of the Rebels, to the Number 'of 300, was at Dunbar, but they marched back again 'to Haddington. The Happy Jennet Sloop of War, 'has, we hear, sunk two Boats, and had taken a third, 'with upwards of a hundred of the Rebels in each, 'and their Plunder, which they got at Edinburgh; 'and they seem to be much dispirited.'

There are Letters from Newcastle, which advise, that the Rebels at Edinburgh were erecting two Batteries to play upon the Castle, but the Garrison firing upon them obliged them to desist; and that 1800 High-

landers, who were ſent to Glaſgow to demand a Contribution of 7000 Guineas, having received the ſame, had thought proper to retire with it. It is added, that ſeveral Parties having been ſent out to raiſe Contributions, had, after receiving the ſame, made the beſt of their Way to the Highlands.

We hear Admiral Rowley, with ſeventeen Men of War, and three Bombs, was actually bombarding the City of Genoa.

An Account is come over, that the Maſter of the Fiſhing-Boat, who had on board the two Mails that was taken by the French, was returned to Holland, and was committed to Priſon, becauſe he had not performed his Duty in throwing the Mails over-board before he was taken.

We hear that the Forces that are coming from Holland to England have Orders to ſail directly to Hull, where they are to land and join the Forces in the North.

Two Regiments are arrived at Cheſter from Ireland, which 'tis ſaid are ordered into Lancaſhire.

Laſt Monday Field-Marſhal Wade, Commander in Chief of all the Forces aſſembling in the North, ſet out from his Houſe in Burlington-ſtreet for Nottinghamſhire, to take upon him the Command of the ſaid Forces.

The Guards have now Orders not to encamp in Hyde-Park, but the Soldiers who lived at any Diſtance from the Town, are ordered to come to their Quarters in the City and Liberty of Weſtminſter, and all the Suburbs round the City of London, &c.

We have the following Account of the Perſons who compoſe the young Pretender's Cabinet-Council, which we give the Public for authentic, viz Charles Sheridan, —— O Sullivan, —— Mac Donald, —— Kelly, who eſcap'd ſome Years ago out of the Tower, and —— Strickland, all Iriſh Papiſts.

The treaſonable Paper ſign'd by the Pretender's Son, which was intercepted at Newcaſtle in a Man's Glove, is of the Hand-Writing of the ſaid Sheridan

It is ſaid that Orders are gone to the Governor of Edinburgh Caſtle, to fire upon the Town in caſe they do not ſupply the Garriſon with Proviſions, &c.

We can't find by any of our Cruizers, that the French are carrying on any Embarkations from Oſtend or Dunkirk.

The Trial Privateer, Capt. Conner, belonging to Briſtol, hath taken the St. Heriaco, a Spaniſh Ship, Burden 250 Tons, with 12 Carriage, and four Swivel Guns, and 60 Men, bound from Corunna for Scotland, laden with 2500 Muskets and Bayonets, one Hundred Barrels of Powder, ſix Cheſts of Silver, and one of Gold, as alſo 150 Quintals of Musket Balls, and ſome Boxes of Horſe-ſhoes. She was taken the 30th of Septembes, in Latitude 48 ½, and brought into Briſtol on Monday laſt. There were on board two Iriſhmen; the one an Officer of Horſe, the other a Pilot. When this Ship came from Corunna, ſhe left there Five Spaniſh Men of War, and one French Ship.

Extract of a Letter from Briſtol, dated October 6.

'I have ſeen ſome of the Spaniſh Priſoners, as alſo 'the two Iriſhmen; one having a Commiſſion from the 'King of Spain, as Captain of Horſe, dated laſt December; but none of the Ship's Company will ſay 'where they were bound to. The Spaniſh Captain ſays, 'that he was to go to a certain Latitude, and wait 'there a Month, 'till he was joined by another Ship, 'by whom he was to receive Orders; and ſo they all ſay: 'Tis hoped by fair or foul Means they will be compelled to tell the Truth. I think a Gibbet erected 'before the Iriſhmens Lodgings might have ſome Effect; and if none, would ſurely hang them. There 'are Seven Cheſts of Money landed, being about '24,000 Dollars in Gold and Silver. Among the Gold 'are many Pieces rolled ſingly in a Piece of Paper, 'which, I ſuppoſe, was to give to ſuch as inliſt. This 'Morning arrived the Port-Mahon Man of War, 'Capt. Adams, very leaky, from a Cruize, having 'ſtruck on a hidden Rock near the Iſle of Mull, on 'the Coaſt of Scotland, by which ſhe has loſt her 'Cut-water; and had Weather forced them up this 'Channel.'

Tueſday Evening came Advice, that the Lord Albemarle, with Eight Battalions of our Forces, were arrived at Newcaſtle.

The Volpin, Wright, from Antigua for London, is taken by the French; as is the Elizabeth, Ray, from Rotterdam for Cork, and carried into Dunkirk.

The Antigua Packet, Engliſh, from Dublin to Antigua, was taken the 12th of Auguſt by Four Martinico Homeward bound Men.

Tueſday Morning was found hanging, at the Little-Stairs near the Archbiſhop of Canterbury's Barge-Houſe, Lambeth, Mr. William Wales, Watermen to her late Majeſty Queen Caroline.

The La Madonade Monte Negro, Capt. Caſtille, from Santa Cruz for Leghorn, is taken by the Algerines, and carried into Tangier.

Wedneſday near 30 Cheſts of Arms from Staffordſhire, was ſeized on Snow-hill: They came a few Days before to one of the Inns in that Neighbourhood, without any Directions.

Thurſday came Advice by the Exeter Man of War, arrived in the Downs in 10 Weeks from St. Helena, that the London, from London, bound for India, was put into that Place to refit, having in her Paſſage loſt her Maſts, and received other conſiderable Damages.

The Drake, Wellcomb, from Chicheſter to Dublin, is taken by a French Privateer, and carried into Morlaix.

His Majeſty's Ship the Lynn, is arrived in the Downs from Cork, who ſailed from thence the 4th Inſtant, with 58 Sail of Merchantmen under her Convoy, and parted with them the Day after in a hard Northerly Wind.

Thurſday Night a Man belonging to the Tower Hamlets was committed to Newgate, for firing at one of his Officers, which wounded him in one of his Eyes in a terrible Manner, and threatening to kill him.

Thurſday Morning a Painter, who was at Work at a Gentleman's Houſe in Dover-ſtreet, fell from the Window on the Spikes of the Iron Rails before the Houſe, and died inſtantly.

Laſt Saturday ſeveral Hundred Weight of Balls were ſeized at a Wholeſale Haberdaſher of Hard Wares in Leadenhall-ſtreet, by one of the Chief Clerks belonging to the Office of Ordnance. The Perſon in whoſe Cuſtody they were found, ſaid, upon his Examination, they were not his Property, but that they belong'd to two Perſons, one of whom lived in Tower-ſtreet, and the other at Gainsborough in Lincolnſhire. The Balls were of ſeveral Sizes.

There are Letters from Scotland which ſay, that the Son of the Pretender has ordered all the Receivers of Public Offices, Stewards of Counties, Boroughs, &c. to make up their Accounts immediately, and to pay him the Balance that remains in their Hands.

The five following Regiments are to be encamp'd on the Heath near Dartford in Kent, viz. Col. Sowles, General Bragg's, Col. Johnſton's, Col. Douglas's, and General Howard's, in all 4000 Men.

A Packet Boat is arrived at Dover from Fluſhing, by which we hear that the French have ſtopped all the Dutch Veſſels in their Ports, on Account that they bought the two French Ships from the Engliſh, which were taken from them by Commodore Barnet.

A French Eaſt-Indiaman outward-bound, is loſt on the Iſland of Bourbon, and out of 240 Men, Nine only ſaved.

Wedneſday the Lords of the Admiralty received the Confirmation of the two French Indiamen, and the third Ship being arrived at Cape Breton, as formerly mentioned.

Dr. NELSON's moſt wonderful PANACEA for CONFIRM'D VENEREAL LUES.

And all the Relicks or Remains of it in the Blood) which it infallibly eradicates, tho' of ever ſo long ſtanding, it having been long experienc'd to be the only ſafe and ſure Remedy for that hateful Diſtemper, that was ever known or diſcovered.

IT curing ſo eaſily, and inſenſibly, as to any Diſorder it gives Confinement it requires, or Suſpicion it occaſions, that it is admir'd and recommended by all that have taken it, for it neither purges, vomits, nor ſalivates, but cures by its alterative, deobſtruent, antivenereal Qualities, inſomuch that Children, and the weakeſt and moſt tender or crazy-conſtitution'd People may take it at all Times of the Year, and go about with it as if they had taken nothing, as may likewiſe thoſe, who have been brought near the Grave, by repeated unſucceſsful Salivations, or other violent, or too frequent Purgations, or Vomits; for it reſtores as well as cleans the Blood, of all the lurking poiſonous Taint, and Mercury, tho' never ſo ſecretly lodg'd in the Body; wherefore let none of thoſe unfortunate People deſpair, but try it, and they will be comfortably convinc'd of the Truth of what is here ſaid of it.

Perſons, who are pox'd to the laſt Degree, their whole Maſs or Blood being contaminated, and have been told that nothing but a Salivation would Cure them, tho' they labour under tormenting Pains in the Head, Limbs, or Joints; or have Breakings out of Scabs, Blotches, Boils, or Spots; or have Swellings, Nodes, Sores, or Ulcers, either in their Throat, Noſe, or elſewhere, with weakneſs in their Limbs, Faintneſs and Weakneſs of the whole Body, &c. may intirely rely upon it, only, that according to the Degree of the Infection they muſt take it and continue it for a longer or ſhorter Time.

Such as have only ſome Relicks of the Diſeaſe, or but ſuſpect that their Blood has got a Smatch of the Taint, by ſome unuſual Uneaſineſſes about them, which they now and then feel, either from ill-managed Claps, or other doubtful Cures, ſhould never venture to marry if they are ſingle, or meddle with their Wives if married, till they are ſure they are ſafe, as they moſt certainly will be, upon their only taking a Pot or two of it.

It is alſo exceeding pleaſant to take, as well as delightful in its effects, and thoroughly cleanſes, Nouriſhes and Reſtores, the foulеſt, moſt weakn'd, and worn-out Conſtitution.

Price 5 s. the Tin pot, prepar'd only by the Doctor abovesaid and left by him (Mr. Ufted Bookſeller, at the Golden-Ball, in Fleet-ſtreet being dead) with Mr. Corbett, Bookſeller at Addiſon's Head oppoſite St. Dunſtan's Church, Fleet-ſtreet, and at Mr. Cook's, under the Royal Exchange, where it may be had, by any Meſſenger, ready ſealed up, with Directions how to take it by only asking for at 5 s. Pot of the Panacea.

BANKRUPTS.

Samuel Peach the Elder, of the Pariſh of Minchin Hampton, in the County of Glouceſter, Clothier.

Gratious Stride, of the Pariſh of Walcot, in the County of Somerſet, Carpenter.

This Day is publiſh'd,

The Sixteenth Edition of

ONANIA: Or, The Heinous Sin of Self-Pollution, and all its frightful Conſequences (in both Sexes) conſidered, with Spiritual and Phiſical Advice to thoſe who have already injured themſelves by this abominable Practice.

As alſo the SIXTH EDITION of the SUPPLEMENT to it, both of them Reviſed and Enlarged, and now printed together in One Volume.

And as the ſeveral Paſſages in the former Impreſſions, that have been charged with being obſcure and ambiguous, are in theſe cleared up and explained, there will be no more Alterations or Additions made to them.

These Editions contain ſome further and ſurprizing Inſtances of the Miſchiefs by that filthy, ſinful Commerce with ones ſelf, which is ſo notoriouſly practiſed, as well by the Adult as Youth, Women as Men, Married as Single, to the weakning their Generative Faculties, and hindering Procreation, as their Letters of Complaint to the Author herein inſerted, ſhew.

And, amongſt others, a curious Letter from a Lady, with his Anſwer to it, concerning the Uſe and Abuſe of the Marriage Bed; together with divers Caſuiſtical and other Letters from both Sexes, of ſome ſecret unnatural Effeminacies, neceſſary to be known both by the married and ſingle of each Sex. To which is added,

A Curious PIECE tranſlated out of the Latin, from L. SCHMEDIER, as it is inſerted in the Acta Lipſienſia; concerning the Return of the Seed into the Maſs of Blood; well worth the Peruſal of Phyſicians, Surgeons, Anatomiſts, and all others of Art and Curioſity.

As alſo Dr. QUINCY's Tranſlation of Dr. CARR's remarkable Anſwer to a Letter ſent by a Divine, concerning two Nuns in Rome, reported to have changed their Sex.

Likewiſe Dr. DRAKE's and ſeveral other Phyſicians Opinions of Hermephrodites, and Women brought to a Reſemblance of them, by the Practice of Self-Pollution, as was the Caſe of a young Lady of 18, whoſe well-wrote Letter to the Author, deſcribing and lamenting her Condition, is (in order to deter others) inſerted.

A very grave and learned Divine and Phyſician having peruſed this Diſcourſe, before it went to the Preſs, returned it with his Opinion of it in theſe Words.

'This little Book ought to be read by all Sorts of People, 'of both Sexes, of what Age, Degree, Profeſſion, or Condition 'ſoever, guilty or not guilty of the Sin deteſtated againſt in it.'

Is now ſold (Mr. ISTED, Bookſeller, at the Golden Ball, in Fleet-ſtreet being dead) by CHARLES CORBETT, Bookſeller, at Addiſon's Head, oppoſite St. Dunſtan's Church, Fleet-ſtreet, and by HARRY COOK under the Royal Exchange. Price Bound 3 s. 6 d.

The True-Cordial QUINTESSENCE *of* VIPERS, *the moſt Noble and Grand Preparation in the whole* Materia Medica, *for the real, ſubſtantial Cure of* Impotency *in Men, and* Barrenneſs *in Women; and is vaſtly preferable to* Viper Wine, *or any other Preparation of* Vipers *whatever, as being replete with the full and whole Virtues of them.*

A Few Drops of it only, gives ſuch a generous Warmth, and ſo exceedingly delights the Vital and Animal Spirits, Senſes, and Nerves, as ſoon to ſhew what it will do, upon a little Continuance of it; for it not only promotes, and prompts to a Deſire, but alſo furniſhes proper Matter, for the Support and Eſtabliſhment of a true laſting Inclination and Power.

By this Means it anſwers the End as well of Food as Phyſick; nor is there any thing in Nature beſides, that can in that Reſpect come up to it conſidering that it univerſally nouriſhes and reſtores in all the Declenſions of Deſire and Vigour, without the leaſt forcing the Veſſels, or ſtimulating the Parts, as moſt other Medicines for theſe Purpoſes do: And tho' it be a Maxim in Phyſick, that SINE CERERE & BACCHO FRIGET VENUS, this in itſelf is ſo ſufficiently nutritious as to want no Aſſiſtance that Way; not but it muſt be allowed, that good Eating and Drinking with it, cæteris, but in ſome Degree, at leaſt as an Auxiliary contribute to its Efficacy.

Nor does it only furniſh Matter and create Deſire, but alſo true Power (as it braces up and corroborates the Teſtes) and gives an elaſtick Springineſs to the Muſculi Erectores Penis in Men, and corrects, cleanſes, and comforts the Uterus, or Womb, in Women, the Lankneſs and Laxity of the former, and the Foulneſs, Coldneſs, or Obſtruction of the latter, being more the Cauſe of Impotency or Infertility, in the one Sex, and Indifferency or Sterility in the other than any Thing elſe beſide; and that it is Balſamick, and greatly Reſtorative, is confirmed by long Experience, and we have many Inſtances in Phyſical Writings, of Perſons arriving to a healthful old Age, as well as recover'd from deplorable Decays and Weakneſſes, by a continued Uſe of the common Preparations of Vipers, which this Quinteſſence, by being of vaſtly more Efficacy, brings about in a Quarter of the Time, and with the Tenth Part of the Quantity.

Thoſe who but once try it, will ſo pleaſantly experience its nutritive quickening Properties, in exhilerating the Heart, reviving the Spirits, comforting the Vitals, circulating the Juice, and recreating and renovating, as it were the whole Man, that they will never be without it; for it is ſuch a preſent Help, in Time of Need, as that on the taking then but a Doſe or two more of it than ordinary, it will ſo inſtantaneouſly animate the dull inactive Spirits, and rouze up, and attune the ſluggiſh enfeebled Faculties, in both Sexes, as to excite and capacitate where it could hardly be expected, and at the ſame Time ſeldom fails to render that conjugal Intercourſe Prolifick. Price Half a Guinea the Bottle.

Mr. Weſt, Goldſmith, who us'd to ſell theſe Bottles, being lately dead, it is now Sold only by his Son-in-Law, Mr. Johnſon, a Baker, at the Seven Stars in Vere-Street, Clare-Market, ſealed up, with Directions (for any Meſſenger) upon asking for only a Bottle of Quinteſſence.

This Day is published,

(Price Sixpence.)

A Particular Account of the Taking of CAPE BRETON from the French, by Admiral Warren and Sir William Pepperell, the 16th of June, 1745. With a Deſcription of the Place and Fortifications, And the Loſs it will be to the French, and Advantage to Great Britain and Ireland.

By PHILIP DURELL, Eſq; Captain of his Majeſty's Ship the Superbe.

To which is added,

A LETTER from an Officer of Marines, giving an Account of the Siege, Batteries, Number of Guns, &c. Alſo the Situation of that Coaſt; and an Account of M. Chambon's being laid in Irons for ſurrendring Port Louisbourg.

Printed for W. Richardſon, in the Temple Exchange, Fleetſtreet.

Where may be had, Price 6d. each,

1. The IMPORTANCE of *CAPE BRETON* to the Britiſh Nation.

2. Conſiderations on the State of the BRITISH FISHERIES in America.

ANTI-SIPHYLICON

THE only ſhort and moſt infallible CURE in the Univerſe for the *Venereal Diſeaſe* from the ſlighteſt Infection to the moſt extreme and deplorable Degree of it, even when the Blood and Juices are thoroughly contaminated with its malignant *Virus*, and the very Bones are affected with it.

Freſh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their attendant Symptoms, tho' ever ſo ſevere, are entirely carried off by it in a few Days, and in as effectually purging the Blood and Juices from being tainted with any remaining Reliques, on one Hand, or a ſeminal Gleet, or Weakneſs, to happen on the other.

And the moſt inveterate Degree of the *French Illneſs*, attended with nocturnal Pains, univerſal Breakings-out, and all other the moſt exaſperated Symptoms, are ſoon overcome by it, and effectually and much more ſpeedily cured than by Salivation, Inunctions, or any other Method whatever, and in a eaſy and pleaſant Manner, without impairing Strength, or occaſioning any Inconvenience, as loudly to beſpeak it the only apposite Remedy, or true *Venereal Antidote* in the World, and that ſome Thouſands have, to their great Joy, experienced.

It is pleaſant to take, occaſions no Sickneſs or Diſorder, nor requires Confinement, but may be taken, and the Cure be accompliſhed, without the Knowledge of the neareſt Friend.

Thoſe who ſuſpect they have received an Injury may, by only a Dose or two of it, be perfectly freed from all Apprehenſions; for it diſſolves no ſooner into Venom to be had in the Body, but wholly extirpates it, Root and Branch, in a gentle, eaſy, and moſt effectual Manner.

All ſuch, likewiſe, as doubt they have ſome remaining Relicks of former Injuries, may, by a few Doſes of it, entirely free themſelves from all Suſpicions of that Kind; for it admits of no Foulneſs, Corruption, or Putrefaction whatever, to remain in the Fluids, or to adhere to the Solids; and, to that Account, in all Scorbutick, Scrophulous, and even Leprous Eruptions, or Foulneſſes of the Skin, or glandulous Swellings, and Impurities of the Juices, it does more by one Doſe than any other Medicine, yet known, can by ten.

The Price of this moſt noble *Anti-Siphylicon* is but ſix Shillings a Pot, which, conſidering its extraordinary Efficacy, one Pot only being ſufficient, in moſt Caſes, to accompliſh the Cure, is not a tenth Part of its Value; and is appointed by the Author to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toy-ſhop, at the Roſe and Crown, againſt St. Clement's Church-yard, in the Strand, ready ſealed up, with a Book of Inſtructions, by the Peruſal of which all Perſons who were ever affected with any Degree of the *Venereal Diſeaſe* may perfectly underſtand their own Conſtitution, and certainly know when, and when not, the *Venereal Virus* is entirely rooted out of their Bodies. Note, *Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Scurvy.*

Concerning Gleets and Seminal Weakneſſes of all Kinds.

ALL judicious Phyſicians and Surgeons allow, that nothing is more difficult to cure than Stubborn Gleets and Seminal Weakneſſes, where the Patient's by too ſevere purging for Venereal Injuries, violent Salivations, Fumigations, or any other Cauſe whatever; and that they are always more in their Conſequences, as well as difficult to cure, in as certain how they exceedingly weaken the Generative Faculties, infeeble the whole Nervous Syſtem, often bring on Hectick Heats, a Tabes Dorſalis, or Conſumption of the Back, or an Atrophy or Nervous Conſumption, which frequently terminate in Death itſelf.

All ſuch therefore who have the Misfortune to be troubled with Old Shatter'd Gleets, Seminal Effuſions, Involuntary Emiſſions, exceſſive Nocturnal Pollutions, or any Weakneſs of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, the Diabetis, Incontinency of Urine, or Difficulty of holding their Water, would doubtleſs be glad to meet with a certain, ſafe and ſpeedy Cure, which they muſt aſſuredly have, by the taking only a ſmall Quantity of a tranſcendent Balſamick Reſtrictive Electuary, now publiſhed for a general Good, after having for many Years in private Practice been experienced never once to fail perfectly curing the moſt ſtubborn Gleets known, in a few Days, without Difficulty or Trouble; as alſo all other Weakneſſes of the Back, Reins, Seminal Veſſels and Urinary Paſſages, which it almoſt inſtantly cures, bringing to rights and reſtoring all thoſe Parts and Paſſages to their natural Tone and priſtine Vigour, in a very extraordinary Manner, and by taking a few Doſes of it only.

This tranſcendent Balſamick Reſtrictive Electuary is neither diſagreeable to take, nor occaſions the leaſt Diſorder, but is a wonderful Reſtorative in all Weakneſs and Decay of Conſtitution of any Kind, and particularly ſtrengthens the Back, Reins, Seminal and Urinary Veſſels, to ſo immenſe Degrees, that in any Debility of them, one Doſe of it does more than ten of any other Remedy yet found out; and all Perſons fatigued with Gleets or Seminal Weakneſſes of any Sort, or Weakneſſes of the Urinary Veſſels, who take it, will in three Days time find it ſo very effectual, that they will be moſt agreeably ſurpriſed at it.

When a Medicine will infallibly accompliſh ſuch a ſafe, ſpeedy and perfect Cure of ſuch difficult Maladies, as Gleets and Seminal Weakneſſes are, as this Great Remedy truly and directly will, even after all other Means and Medicines have been try'd in vain, too much cannot be ſaid in Praiſe of it, and this all who ever took it for any of the above-mention'd Purpoſes, have readily declared.

The Price is but 6 s. a Pot, altho' for its abſolute Efficacy, one Pot alone being ſufficient to moſt Caſes to accompliſh a Cure, worth ten time, as much, and is the Author's ſpecial Appointment, is to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toy-ſhop at the Roſe and Crown againſt St. Clement's Church-yard in the Strand, ready ſealed up, with a Book of Inſtructions, which whomſoever carefully reads will be compleat Maſter of his own Caſe, and perfectly know, when the Gleet or Weakneſs he is afflicted with proceeds a Venereal Injury, whether all the Malignity of the Foul Diſeaſe is entirely extirpated or not.

Note, Ask only for a 6 s. Pot of Balſamick Electuary.

The ſo-much Fam'd HYPO DROPS.

WHICH in a few Days infallibly cure *Hypochonderiack Melancholy* in *Men*, and the *Vapours* in *Women*, ſo as never to return again, tho they ever ſo ſevere, or of many Years ſtanding, and even after all other Remedies have prov'd ineffectual; and that by immediately ſtriking at the very Root or true Cauſe, as well as remedying the Effects, of thoſe perplexing Maladies and all their Variety of Symptoms, by which they mimick by Turns, almoſt all the Diſeaſes poor Mortals are afflicted with, and have their Riſe from a depraved Appetite, vicious Ferment in the Stomach, and Indigeſtion of Food, whence proceed Crudities and flatulent or windy Diſorders in the firſt Paſſages, ill Fumes, ſour Belchings, Cholick, and Uneaſineſs in the Bowels; which Crudities offend the Nerves, and, by Conſent of Parts, affect the Head, and produce ſometimes Giddineſs, Dimneſs of Sight, confuſed Thoughts, pertinacious Watchings, troubleſome Sleep, Frights, groundleſs Fears, and the deepeſt Melancholy, with direful Views and terrible Apprehenſions; at other times, Fits, aſſuming Heats, Reachings, Faintneſs, Lowneſs and Sinking of Spirit, and Palpitation of the Heart, Startings, Tremblings and Twitchings in the Limbs and other Parts, with many convulſive Diſorders, ſharp Pains, fix'd or wandering, Pain and Weakneſs in the Back, and other almoſt innumerable and grievous Symptoms, which miſerably afflict vaſt Numbers of both Sexes.

All which Symptoms in their ſharpeſt Paroxyſms, theſe ſomuch fam'd and moſt pleaſant Drops, (which are Chymically prepar'd from the moſt valuable Specificks in the Mineral, Vegetable, and Animal Kingdoms, and exalted to the higheſt Degree of Perfection poſſible) inſtantly quell, and at the ſame time annihilate their real Cauſe, directly bringing the Stomach into right Order, creating a good Appetite, reſtifying the Digeſtion, occaſioning laudable Chyle, and, of courſe, good Blood, Purity of calm, free, and chearful Spirits, a regular Circulation of all the Fluids, and Strength of Nerves; ſo that both Cauſe and Effects of Melancholy and Vapours are thoroughly removed by them, almoſt on the Spot, as the many Thouſands of both Sexes they have perfectly cured, evince.

Whoever takes them for three Days only, will be ſenſible they are abſolutely to be depended upon for an effectual and laſting Cure, and certain it is, that no Medicine upon Earth can equal them; be careful therefore to have the right Drops, which are to be had only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Croſs-Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange, in Cornhill, at 3 s. 6 d. a Bottle, with Directions, at large.

The only ſhort and infallible Cure for that reigning Diſeaſe the SCURVY *and all Scorbutick Humours, tho' arrived in the higheſt or moſt inveterate Degree, or of ever ſo many Years ſtanding, and that without any diſcernible Evacuation, or the leaſt Purging, which, by an unaccountable Miſtake, is generally adviſed, altho' always found rather to encreaſe and confirm the Scurvy than cure it.*

By the ſo much fam'd and moſt pleaſant Chymical DROPS.

WHICH, without the leaſt Trouble, Confinement, or any Diſorder whatever, do at once ſtrike at the true Cauſe of the Scurvy and entirely deſtroy it, and all Scorbutick Humors and Effects, Root and Branch, ſo as never to return again, as many Thouſands of both Sexes have experienced, and as all who take them in Three Days Time are convinced; for they almoſt inſtantly alter the morbid State of the Juices, purify the Blood, ſweeten all the Fluids, cleanſe them from Impurities, and directly clear the whole Habit from all Spots, Blotches, black and blue Marks, Itchings, foul Eruptions or Breakings out, Weakneſs of the Limbs, languid Heavineſs of the whole Body, wandering Pains, Weakneſs of the Back, and all the vaſt Variety of Symptoms by which the Scurvy imitates and often lies conceal'd under the Appearance of the Rheumatiſm, and many other Diſtempers.

And for ſtrengthening the Stomach, immediately creating a good Appetite, cauſing a regular and eaſy Digeſtion of Food, and curing all windy Effects and Diſorders of the firſt Paſſages, (whence proceed Head-Achs, Vapours and other Indiſpoſitions) no Bitters, nor any other Medicine upon Earth can compare with them, inſomuch that beſides infallibly curing the Scurvy, in all its Shapes and Appearance they allutedly and directly cure the Green-Sickneſs in Virgins, Worms of all Kinds, in Young or Old, and almoſt all other Chronick Diſeaſes, which are chiefly occaſioned by Indigeſtion and flatulent Crudities in the Stomach and Bowels) and certainly prevent Fevers, Agues, and other acute Illneſſes.

They are wonderfully Cordial and Reſtorative, ſtrengthen and enliven the whole Machine, and as ſoon as taken, make the Patient pleaſantly lightſome, brisk and vigorous to Admiration, and are good for all Sorts of Perſons, to preſerve as well as to procure a ſound and healthful State of Body.

But the great Reputation theſe ſo much fam'd and moſt pleaſant Chymical DROPS have ſo univerſally gain'd among Perſons of Eminence, for their ſuddenly and infallibly curing the Scurvy and all Scorbutick Humors, and other Chronick Diſeaſes, in ſuch an eaſy and agreeable Manner, have occaſioned many to imitate them, ſome under the ſame, and others under other Names; be careful therefore not to be deceived, but be ſure to have the Right, which, by the Author's ſpecial Appointment, are to be had, only at the Gentlewoman's at the two blue Poſts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, at 3 s. 6 d a Bottle, with Directions.

To all Gentlemen, Builders, and Others.

JOSEPH EMERTON, COLOURMAN,

At the BELL *and* SUN, *over-againſt Norfolk-Street, between St. Clement's and the New Church in the Strand, London, Brother to the late Mr.* Alexander Emerton, *and who, in the ſaid* Alexander Emerton's *Life-time, chiefly managed his Buſineſs,*

SELLS all Sorts of Colours in greater Perfection than the ſaid late Alexander Emerton did, by the Help of a new invented Machine, or Horſe-Mill, being an Improvement upon the Plan of his ſaid late Brother's Mill, and far exceeding it. So that Gentlemen, Builders and others may depend upon being ſupplied with the beſt, fineſt, and neateſt ground Colours, with which they may ſet their Servants or Labourers to Paint their Houſes, only by the Help of a printed Direction, which he gives with his Colours.

He likewiſe ſells to the Ladies all ſorts of WATER COLOURS and VARNISH, with every thing neceſſary for the New Japanning; and gives a printed Direction, for the doing of it to the greateſt Nicety, to thoſe that buy Colours. Alſo Italian Powder for cleaning Pictures, and fine Picture Varniſh.

He alſo ſells Floor-Cloths of all Sizes, and Patterns at the cheapeſt Rate

And deals only for READY MONEY.

An infallible and inſtant Cure for DEAFNESS

THICKNESS of HEARING, *PAIN, or* NOISE *in the* EARS, *&c. By the true, chymical, ſpecifick* DROPS.

WHICH infinitely excel all other Medicines ever offered to the Publick, or known in the whole World; for they directly cure Deafneſs, be it ever ſo bad, or of ever ſo long ſtanding, and all Thickneſs of Hearing and Noiſe in the Ears, almoſt at once, and that after all other Means have failed, and without Trouble or the leaſt Uneaſineſs, as many Thouſands have experienced.

They Effectually remove all Pain occaſioned by Cold, ſtrengthen the Tympanum or Drum of the Ear, free the auditory Nerve from Obſtruction, and infallibly cure all Defects of the Hearing Faculty almoſt in an Inſtant; cauſing thoſe to hear exceeding quick and well, who were before in a Manner totally deaf.

Hundreds who were not able to hear a Drum when beat cloſe by them, and therefore deſpair'd of being ever reliev'd, have been immediately and perfectly cured by them, to their great Joy and Admiration.

In a Word, they may abſolutely be depended upon for the direct and infallible Cure of DEAFNESS proceeding from what Cauſe ſoever; but the great Eſteem and Reputation they have deſervedly gained for many Years paſt, have occaſioned (as uſual in ſuch Caſes) many Counterfeits to come Abroad. Beware therefore of ſuch Impoſitions. Theſe chymical and only true Specifick Drops being by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at the Gentlewoman's, at the Two Blue Poſts in Haydon-Yard in the Minories, at 3 s. 6 d. a Bottle with Directions, and no where elſe in England.

The Royal BEAUTIFYING FLUID,

SO exceedingly valued by the Ladies of Quality, and all who have uſed it, for its tranſcendent Excellency in beautifying the Face, Neck and Hands to the moſt exquiſite Perfection poſſible, is to be had only at Mr. RADFORD's Toy-ſhop at the Roſe and Crown againſt St. Clement's Church-Yard in the Strand.

It gives an inexpreſſible fine Aire to the Features of the Face on the Spot, and a ſurprizing handſomeneſs to the Neck and Hands, which it immediately makes exceeding ſmooth, fine and delicately white.

Nothing in the World can ſooner or more certainly take away all diſagreeable Redneſs, Spots, Pimples, Heats, Roughneſs, Morphew, Worms in the Face, Marks of the Small pox, Sunburn or any other diſcolouring, nor remove all Wrinckles ſo perfectly; for it quickly makes the Skin become ſo incomparable fine, clear, plump, ſoft, and beautifully fair as to cauſe Admiration in the Beholders.

It really gives a moſt engaging reſplendent Brightneſs to the whole Countenance, and cauſes ſparkling Life, Spirit, and juvenile Bloom to reign in every Feature, and yet is nothing of Paint, but far exceeds it, by its bringing the Skin, whether of the Face, Neck or Hands, and tho' brown, red or rough, to a natural youthful Fairneſs, Smothneſs and moſt charming Delicacy, which Paint only faintly imitates; neither is this Royal Beautifier prepared from the leaſt Particle of Mercury, or any thing Metaline, but is perfectly Harmleſs, and may be given inwardly even to Children. It has alſo a pleaſant Scent, will not ſoil the fineſt Lawn, and is very agreeable to uſe.

But theſe its admirable Properties, by which it vaſtly exceeds any thing whatever for the like Purpoſe, have occaſion'd many to imitate it under various other Names, beware therefore of ſuch impoſitions; the true ROYAL BEAUTIFYING FLUID, that has given ſuch univerſal Satisfaction to ſo many Ladies of Diſtinction, being only to be had at Mr. *Radford's* Toy-ſhop at the Roſe and Crown againſt St Clement's Church-Yard in the Strand, as above-mentioned at 3 s. 6d. a Bottle, with Directions, and no where elſe in England.

The HOOP-PETTI-COAT, *Capuchin*, and *Female* PERRIWIG,

Pro and *Con*, Impartially Conſidered.

Lectorem Delectando, *pariterque* Monendo. OVID.

THIS Remarkable TREATISE Is GIVEN GRATIS, to Any One, that will only but Step into the Shop, and Ask for it,

At Mr. BURCHELL's, Cutler, and Toyſhop, (NOW) the Sign of the Famous ANODYNE NECKLACE, for Children's TEETH, and Caſe of Knies, Next Shop but One to Drury-Lane, in LONG-ACRE.

Where is Alſo GIVEN GRATIS,

By His MAJESTY's Royal Patent,

The Book Entitled,

PATIENCE and FLANNEL,

Conſidered in the GOUT and RHEUMATISM. ——

With PLAIN TRUTH, in VENEREAL and GLEET Caſes, Cured by

THE Only WATER in the Univerſe, for the SHORT, and immediate Cure, (in Leſs than 48 Hours,) If a Perſon, as ſoon as they Find, that they have Got the Venereal Diſtemper, does but SOAK, &c. a few Minutes, their Urinary Part, in a Spoonful of it, in any Small Tea, or Coffee Cup, to draw the Foul Venereal Infection, Out of the Urinary Part, where it is Lodged, and There Cauſes the Diſtemper, and ſo be Privately, and Eaſily Cured, without the Knowledge of Any One —— The Very Great Demand that there is for this Wonderful WATER, from all Parts, Plainly Shews How fully it Anſwers the End —— Price Only 4 s. 6 d the Bottle, With full Directions Sealed up Along with it, Ready to be Deliver'd to Any Meſſenger, At Mr. BURCHELL's in LONG-ACRE, Above-mentioned.

LONDON: Printed for J. MORGAN, in *Pater-noſter-Row.* Where Advertiſements, and Letters to the Author, are taken in.